



	Early Years	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
<b>Learning Themes</b>	Exploring how things work.	Mechanisms – Levers and Sliders Structures – stronger, stiffer and more stable Cooking and Nutrition – Healthy lunchbox/sandwich	Mechanisms – Wheels and Axles Structures – fabric stockings Cooking and Nutrition – Pasta Salad	Mechanisms – Pneumatics Structures – more complex stronger, stiffer, stable Cooking and Nutrition – Cooked vegetable dish	Electrical systems Structures – fabric purses Cooking and Nutrition – Cooked mince based dish	Mechanisms – cams, gear and pulleys Structures – 3D frameworks Cooking and Nutrition – Cooked poultry dish	Electrical systems Use of computers to programme, monitor and control products Cooking and Nutrition – 2 course meal!
<b>Designing and Evaluating</b>	<p>Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.</p> <p>Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.</p> <p>Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.</p> <p>Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.</p>	<p>Draw on their own experiences to generate ideas.</p> <p>Use simple design criteria to help develop ideas. Say whether their products are for themselves or other users.</p> <p>Describe what their products are. Develop and communicate ideas through talking and drawing.</p> <p>Make simple judgements about their products and ideas against design criteria. Say what they like or don't like about existing products. Make simple prototypes</p>	<p>Use knowledge of existing products to help come up with ideas.</p> <p>Develop and communicate increasingly realistic ideas through talking and drawing. Say how they will make their products suitable for the intended users.</p> <p>Begin to generate their own simple design criteria.</p> <p>Explain how their products will work.</p> <p>Use simple labelled diagrams to communicate ideas.</p> <p>Evaluate existing products. Begin to suggest how their products could be improved.</p>	<p>With some support, gather information about the needs and wants of particular individuals and groups.</p> <p>Identify the design features of their products that will appeal to intended users.</p> <p>Develop their own design criteria and use these to inform their ideas.</p> <p>Describe the purpose of their products.</p> <p>Model ideas by exploring component kits and by making templates and mock-ups.</p> <p>Use annotated sketches to communicate ideas.</p> <p>Disassemble and evaluate familiar products.</p> <p>Refer to their design criteria as they design and make.</p>	<p>Independently, gather information about the needs and wants of particular individuals and groups.</p> <p>Explain why materials have been chosen.</p> <p>Develop their own criteria with some reference to needs and wants of intended user.</p> <p>Explain how particular parts of their product work.</p> <p>Begin to use simple cross-sectional drawings to develop and communicate their ideas.</p> <p>Model their ideas using simple prototypes and pattern pieces.</p> <p>Plan the order of their work before starting.</p> <p>Evaluate existing products and identify criteria that can be used for their own designs.</p> <p>Identify the strengths and areas for development in their ideas and products. Consider whether products can be reused or recycled.</p>	<p>With support, carry out simple research using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web based resources.</p> <p>Develop their own criteria referencing the needs and wants of intended user.</p> <p>Use close up sketches from different angles to clarify. Use cross-sectional drawings and begin to use simple exploded diagrams.</p> <p>Develop more independence in their use of mock-ups, prototypes and patterns.</p> <p>Plan the order of their work, choosing appropriate materials, tools and techniques.</p> <p>Consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work.</p> <p>Disassemble and evaluate existing products and consider the views of others to improve them.</p> <p>Consider how sustainable the materials in a product are.</p>	<p>Independently, carry out simple research using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web based resources.</p> <p>Develop a simple design specification.</p> <p>Use computer aided design to develop and communicate their ideas. Communicate their ideas through a range of detailed labelled drawings.</p> <p>Communicate their ideas through a range of detailed labelled drawings.</p> <p>Suggest alternative ways of making if their first attempt fails.</p> <p>Critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture and fitness for purpose of their products as they design and make.</p> <p>Evaluate how the key designs of individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world. Consider what impact products have beyond their intended purposes.</p>

<p><b>Making</b></p>	<p>Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.</p> <p>Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of small tools competently, safely and confidently.</p>	<p>With support, select from a range of equipment and materials.</p> <p>With support, select from a range of equipment and materials.</p> <p>With support, assemble and join materials and components.</p> <p>Use finishing techniques with support.</p>	<p>With support, select from a range of equipment and materials according to their characteristics.</p> <p>Mark out, cut and shape materials.</p> <p>Assemble and join materials and components with some independence.</p> <p>Use finishing techniques with some independence.</p>	<p>Select from a range of equipment and materials beginning to explain their choices.</p> <p>Mark out, cut and shape materials with some accuracy.</p> <p>Assemble and join materials and components with developing independence.</p> <p>Use finishing techniques with developing independence.</p>	<p>Plan the main stages of making with some support.</p> <p>Select tools and equipment suitable for the task.</p> <p>Mark out, cut and shape materials with developing accuracy.</p> <p>Assemble and join materials and components with developing independence.</p> <p>Use finishing techniques with independence.</p>	<p>Plan the main stages of making with more independence.</p> <p>Begin to make appropriate lists of equipment, tools and materials needed.</p> <p>Mark out, cut and shape materials with accuracy.</p> <p>Assemble and join materials and components with some accuracy.</p> <p>Use finishing techniques with some accuracy.</p>	<p>Plan the main stages of making with independence.</p> <p>Make appropriate lists of equipment, tools and materials needed.</p> <p>Assemble and join materials and components with accuracy.</p> <p>Use finishing techniques with accuracy.</p>
<p><b>Technical Knowledge</b></p>		<p>Begin to build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger and more stable.</p> <p>Explore and use simple mechanisms e.g. levers, sliders etc in their products.</p>	<p>Begin to measure, cut and score with help.</p> <p>Cut, shape and join fabric to make a simple product.</p> <p>Use basic sewing techniques.</p>	<p>Begin to understand that mechanical systems have an input, process and output.</p> <p>Recognise that mechanical systems such as levers or pneumatic systems create movement.</p> <p>Measure, mark out, cut, score and assemble components with increasing accuracy.</p>	<p>Understand how electrical circuits and components can be used to create functional products.</p> <p>Understand how to reinforce a 3D framework.</p> <p>Measure, pin, cut and join fabric with increasing accuracy.</p> <p>Sew using a range of different stitches</p>	<p>Understand how mechanical systems such as cams, pulleys or gears create movement.</p> <p>Understand that mechanical systems have an input, process and output.</p> <p>Know how to strengthen a 3D framework</p>	<p>Assemble components to make working models.</p> <p>Pin and stitch materials together to create a product.</p> <p>Know how to make modifications to their product.</p> <p>Understand how mechanical systems such as cams, pulleys or gears create movement.</p> <p>Know how more complex electrical circuits and components can be used to create functional products</p>
<p><b>Evaluating processes and products</b></p>		<p>Discuss how well their product works in relation to the design criteria.</p> <p>Explain what they like/dislike about existing products and why.</p> <p>Begin to identify strengths and possible changes they might make to their product.</p>	<p>Evaluate their product against their design criteria.</p> <p>Explain what they like/dislike about existing products and why</p> <p>Identify some strengths and possible changes they might make to their product and why.</p>	<p>Evaluate their product against their design criteria and explain how well it meets purpose.</p> <p>Begin to disassemble and evaluate familiar products and suggest improvements.</p>	<p>Evaluate their products by testing their fitness for purpose.</p> <p>Begin to evaluate their work during the making process.</p>	<p>Begin to evaluate a product against the original design spec identifying strengths and areas for development.</p> <p>Evaluate way their work during the making process, suggesting amendments.</p> <p>Begin to record evaluations.</p> <p>Evaluate the designs of key individuals that have shaped the world.</p>	<p>Begin to evaluate a product against the original design spec identifying strengths and areas for development. Carry out appropriate tests.</p> <p>Evaluate their work throughout the design and make process and modify.</p> <p>Record evaluations.</p>

<p><b>Food and Nutrition</b></p>		<p>Begin to recognise that food comes from plants and animals.</p> <p>Recognise that food is farmed, grown or caught.</p> <p>With help, can sort food into the five main food groups.</p> <p>With help, can prepare simple dishes safely and hygienically, without using a heat source.</p> <p>Begins to use a range of techniques such as cutting, peeling and grating.</p>	<p>Know that food comes from plants and animals, making suggestions as to where certain foods come from.</p> <p>Can name and sort foods to create 'The Eat Well Plate'.</p> <p>Know why it is important to eat fruit and vegetables daily.</p> <p>Can prepare a simple dish safely and hygienically, that food comes from plants and animals.</p> <p>Demonstrate how to peel cut and grate foods.</p>	<p>Begin to recognise that food is grown (cereals, vegetables etc), reared (poultry, cattle etc) or caught (fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world.</p> <p>Cook a vegetable-based savoury dish using a heat source, safely and hygienically.</p> <p>Recognise that ingredients can be changed.</p> <p>Begin to use a range of preparation techniques e.g. peeling, cutting, grating, mixing, spreading, baking etc.</p> <p>Recognise that a healthy diet is made up of a variety of different foods.</p>	<p>Understand that food is grown (cereals, vegetables etc), reared (poultry, cattle etc) or caught (fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world.</p> <p>Cook a mince-based savoury dish using a heat source, safely and hygienically.</p> <p>Suggest changes to ingredients to create similar recipes.</p> <p>Confidently use a range of preparation techniques e.g. peeling, cutting, grating, mixing, spreading, baking etc.</p> <p>Explain what makes up a healthy diet, recognising the importance of water.</p>	<p>Explain that food is grown (cereals, vegetables etc), reared (poultry, cattle etc) or caught (fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world citing examples.</p> <p>Begin to understand that food is seasonal and why.</p> <p>Recognise that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking.</p> <p>Cook a poultry-based savoury dish using a heat source, safely and hygienically.</p> <p>Confidently use a range of preparation techniques e.g. peeling, cutting, grating, mixing, spreading, baking etc.</p> <p>Begin to understand that different foods and drinks contain different nutrients, sugars, etc and that some are healthier than others.</p>	<p>Explain that food is grown (cereals, vegetables etc), reared (poultry, cattle etc) or caught (fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world citing examples.</p> <p>Recognise that the import of foods is linked to seasonal growth.</p> <p>Recognise that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking.</p> <p>Using knowledge of food sources, preparation techniques and balanced diets can create a two course meal, using a heat source, safely and hygienically.</p> <p>Can explain that different foods and drinks contain different nutrients, sugars, etc and that some are healthier than others.</p>
<p><b>Designers</b></p>				<p>Recognise how the designs of key individuals have shaped the world.</p>	<p>Begin to evaluate the designs of key individuals that have shaped the world.</p>	<p>Evaluate the designs of key individuals that have shaped the world.</p>	<p>Name a number of influential designers.</p> <p>Evaluate the designs of key individuals that have shaped the world.</p>